



DR-003-1016008

Seat No. _____

B. Sc. (Sem. VI) (CBCS) (W.E.F. 2016) Examination

April - 2022

Chemistry : Paper - C - 603

(Physical & Analytical Chemistry 2018)

Faculty Code : 003

Subject Code : 1016008

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** (1) Question paper contains five questions. All are compulsory.
(2) All questions carry equal weightage.
(3) Figures to the right side indicate marks of the question.

- 1 (a) Answer the following : 4
(1) Give equation for ionic strength.
(2) Define Activity Co- efficient.
(3) Write the final equation of Henry's law ?
(4) Define Residual Entropy.
- (b) Answer any **one** of the following : 2
(1) Write the equation for Mean Activity and Mean Activity Coefficient.
(2) Give Lewis Randal statement for third law of thermodynamics.
- (c) Answer any **one** of the following : 3
(1) Ionisation of 0.02 M AgNO_3 is 80% Calculate.
(2) Explain Nernst theorem.
- (d) Answer any **one** of the following : 5
(1) Explain tests of third law of thermodynamics.
(2) Explain the method to determine Activity Coefficient by EMF Method.

- 2 (a) Answer the following : 4
- (1) Define reversible cell.
 - (2) Give example of electrode concentration cell.
 - (3) How L.J.P. could be Eliminated ?
 - (4) Write the oxidation reaction of Quinhydrone Electrode.
- (b) Answer any **one** of the following : 2
- (1) What are advantages of Glass Electrode ?
 - (2) Write advantages and disadvantages of Quinhydrone Electrode.
- (c) Answer any **one** of the following : 3
- (1) Explain determination of Transport number of Ions by EMF measurement.
 - (2) Find the EMF of given cell at 25°C and Calculate free energy change :
 $\text{Cu/Cu}^{+2} \text{ 0.1M // Cu}^{+2} \text{ 0.5M / Cu}$ ($R = 8.314 \text{ JK}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$) 4.184 joule = 1 calorie
- (d) Answer any **one** of the following : 5
- (1) Derive the equation for pH by Quinhydrone electrode give its advantages and disadvantages.
 - (2) Explain Determination of Dissociation constant of Weak Acid by EMF measurement.
- 3 (a) Answer the following : 4
- (1) Define Partial Molar Properties.
 - (2) Give the equation for Raoult's law.
 - (3) Define term precision.
 - (4) Define term accuracy.
- (b) Answer any **one** of the following : 2
- (1) Define the Chemical Potential and Give the factors Effecting.
 - (2) What is Error ? Define and give example of Indeterminate error.
- (c) Answer any **one** of the following : 3
- (1) Explain Determination of Partial Molar Properties by method of Intercept.
 - (2) Differentiate between Accuracy and Precision.
- (d) Answer any **one** of the following : 5
- (1) Explain Determination of Partial Molar Properties by method of Intercept.
 - (2) Explain Q Test and T test. What is use of it ?

- 4 (a) Answer the following : 4
- (1) Define term Chromatography.
 - (2) Give one example of Partition Chromatography.
 - (3) Define Stationary Phase.
 - (4) Name the molecules used in Polymerization for forming Cation Exchange Resin.
- (b) Answer any **one** of the following : 2
- (1) Name Mobile Phase used in GLC.
 - (2) Name different methods could be used for Separation of Amino Acids.
- (c) Answer any **one** of the following : 3
- (1) Define the terms Retention Factor : Developer; Effluent.
 - (2) What do you mean by Streaking Method and Fluorescence Method.
- (d) Answer any **one** of the following : 5
- (1) Explain different types of Paper Chromatography.
 - (2) Explain Gas Chromatography in details along with factor effecting and few uses of it.
- 5 (a) Answer the following : 4
- (1) Which compound is used for detection of I^- from Cl^- and Br^- .
 - (2) Cu and Cd could be separated based on what Principle ?
 - (3) What is use of Potentiometer ?
 - (4) Define pH of the solution.
- (b) Answer any **one** of the following : 2
- (1) Explain Importance of Indicator and reference electrode in Potentiometry.
 - (2) What is Buffer solution give example of it ?
- (c) Answer any **one** of the following : 3
- (1) How Cl^- , Br^- , I^- could be separated from mixture with help of Copper Sulphate.
 - (2) Explain Colorimetric method for determining pH of the solution with example.
- (d) Answer any **one** of the following : 5
- (1) Explain separation of Sulphite, Sulphite and Sulphate as well as Cu^{+2} with Cd^{+2} .
 - (2) Explain Redox titration between Ferrous Sulphate and Cerium Sulphate in detail.